

Fluid Cooler Series

AIR-COOLED FLUID COOLING UNITS



Part Number: E208134_E



BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Read these instructions completely and carefully.



ANSI Z535.5 DEFINITIONS



• DANGER – Indicate[s] a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



• WARNING – Indicate[s] a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



• CAUTION – Indicate[s] a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

 NOTICE – Not related to personal injury – Indicates[s] situations, which if not avoided, could result in damage to equipment.

Environmental Concerns

Hussmann recommends responsible handling of refrigerants that contain Chlorine, Fluorine and Carbon (CFCs) and those that contain Hydrogen, Chlorine, Fluorine, and Carbon (HCFCs). Only certified technicians may handle these refrigerants. All technicians must be aware and follow the requirements set forth by the Federal Clean Air Act (Section 608) for any service procedure being performed on this equipment that involves refrigerant. Additionally, some states have other requirements that must be adhered to for responsible management of refrigerants.





WARNING:

Cancer and Reproductive Harm www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

August 31, 2018

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This warning does not mean that Hussmann products will cause cancer or reproductive harm, or is in violation of any product-safety standards or requirements. As clarified by the California State government, Proposition 65 can be considered more of a 'right to know' law than a pure product safety law. When used as designed, Hussmann believes that our products are not harmful. We provide the Proposition 65 warning to stay in compliance with California State law. It is your responsibility to provide accurate Proposition 65 warning labels to your customers when necessary. For more information on Proposition 65, please visit the California State government website.

▲ WARNING

PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Only qualified personnel should install and service this equipment. Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) is required whenever servicing this equipment. Wear safety glasses, gloves, protective boots or shoes, long pants, and a long-sleeve shirt when working with this equipment. Observe all precautions on tags, stickers, labels and literature attached to this equipment.











This manual was written in accordance with originally prescribed equipment that is subject to change. Hussmann reserves the right to change all or part of the equipment for future stores such as, but not limited to, controllers, valves and electrical specifications. It is the installers responsibility to reference the refrigeration drawings supplied for each installation, as directed by the Engineer of Record.

A CAUTION

Contractors shall strictly adhere to specifications provided by the Engineer of Record (EOR), as well as US Environmental Protection Agency regulations,

OSHA regulations, and all other federal, state and local codes. This work should only be done by qualified, li- censed contractors. There are numerous hazards, not limited to, but including: burns due to high temperatures, high pressures, toxic substances, electrical arcs and shocks, very heavy equipment with specific lift points and structural constraints, possible acid exposure, food and product damage, public safety, noise, and possible environmental damage. Never leave operating compressors unattended during the manual soft-start process. Always power rocker switches off when unattended.

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1 RECEIPT OF EQUIPMENT

1.1 Inspection

All equipment should be carefully checked for damage or shortages as soon as it is received. Each shipment should be carefully checked against the bill of lading. If any damage or shortage is evident, a notation must be made on the delivery receipt before it is signed, and a claim should then be filed against the freight carrier. **Inspection and claims are the responsibility of the recipient.**

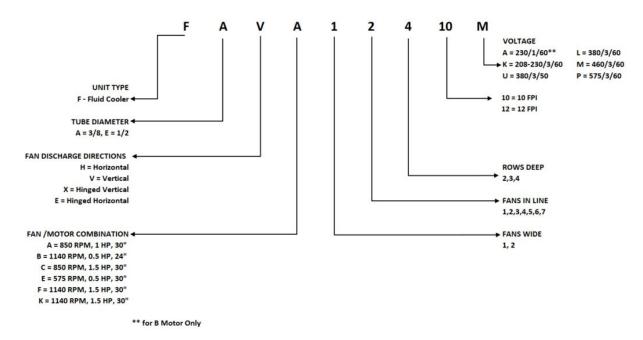
1.2 Loss of gas holding charge

The coil section of each Fluid Cooler unit with ODS connections are leak tested, evacuated to remove moisture, and then shipped with a pressurized nitrogen gas holding charge. Absence of this charge may indicate a leak has developed in transit. The system should not be filled with fluid until it is verified that there is no leak, or the source of the leak is located and repaired if necessary. If the coil section has MPT or flanged connections, the coil is not charged. Once the unit is installed in the system check the coil during the system pressure test.

2 MODELS AND DIMENSIONS

2.1 Unit Models

Units with 24" diameter fans are designated "FA...", while the units with 30" diameter fans are "FE..." All units are designed for vertical air discharge, with horizontal air discharge as an option. Each unit is constructed for the fluid and internal working pressure that is indicated on the unit nameplate. All units contain the UL, cUL, and CSA labels to indicate the unit was manufactured using acceptable practices by the governing bodies.

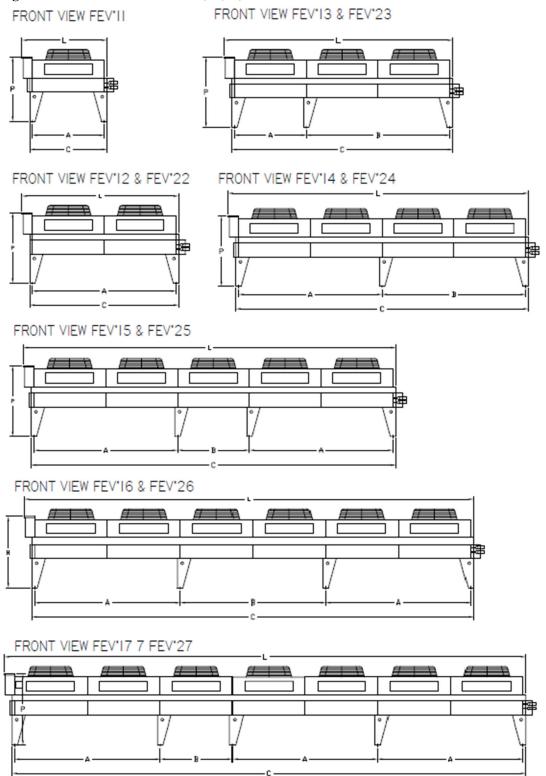


2.2 Unit Dimensions with A,C,E,F Motor Types

Vertical Air Discharge Units

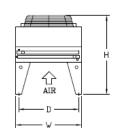
Figure 1 and Table 1 and 2 contain the overall dimensions and support leg bolt hole locations for all of the A, C, E, and F fan units.

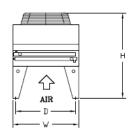
Figure 1 Unit Dimensions with A, C, E,F Motor



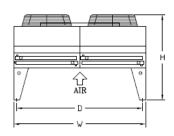
END VIEW FEV*12, FEV*13, FEV*14, FEV*15, FEV*16, FEV*17

END VIEW FEV*II





END VIEW FEV*22, FEV*23, FEV*24





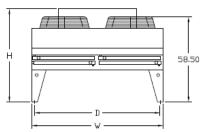


Table 1 – Unit Dimensions with Standard 22" Legs – (A, C, E, F Motors)

MODEL		DIMENSIONS (IN)												
IVIODEL	L	W	Н	А	В	С	D	Р						
FEV*11	63.85	45.25	54.00	54.00	NA	58.00	41.25	48.50						
FEV*12	117.85	45.25	58.50	108.00	NA	112.00	41.25	53.00						
FEV*13	171.85	45.25	58.50	54.00	108.00	166.00	41.25	53.00						
FEV*14	225.85	45.25	58.50	108.00	108.00	220.00	41.25	53.00						
FEV*15	279.85	45.25	58.50	108.00	54.00	274.00	41.25	53.00						
FEV*16	333.85	45.25	58.50	108.00	108.00	328.00	41.25	53.00						
FEV*17	387.85	45.25	58.50	108.00	54.00	382.00	41.25	53.00						

MODEL		DIMENSIONS (IN)											
INIODEL	L	W	Н	Α	В	С	D	Р					
FEV*22	117.85	90.55	58.50	108.00	NA	112.00	86.55	53.00					
FEV*23	171.85	90.55	58.50	54.00	108.00	166.00	86.55	53.00					
FEV*24	225.85	90.55	58.50	108.00	108.00	220.00	86.55	53.00					
FEV*25	279.85	90.55	64.00	108.00	54.00	274.00	86.55	53.00					
FEV*26	333.85	90.55	64.00	108.00	108.00	328.00	86.55	53.00					
FEV*27	387.85	90.55	64.00	108.00	54.00	382.00	86.55	53.00					

Units with Optional Legs (Extended 30", 36", 42", 48", or 60" legs) –

Table 2 – Unit Height and Number of Legs with Extended Legs (A, C,E,F Motors)

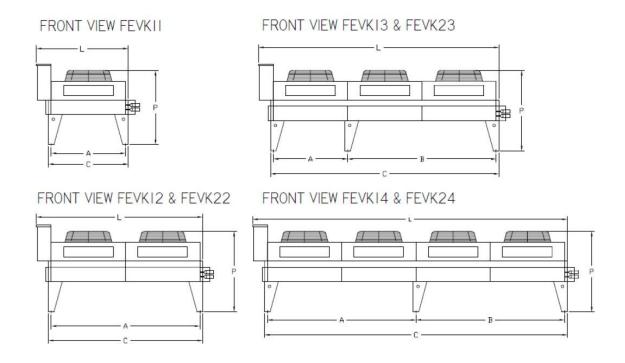
	FE\	/*11	FEV	/*12	FE\	/*13	FEV'	*14	FEV	*15	FEV	*16	FEV	/*17
LEG		NO		NO		NO		NO		NO		NO		NO
Ht.	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF
		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS
30	62	4	66.5	4	66.5	6	66.5	6	66.5	8	66.5	8	66.5	10
36	68	4	72.5	4	72.5	6	72.5	6	72.5	8	72.5	8	72.5	10
42	74	4	78.5	4	78.5	6	78.5	6	78.5	8	78.5	8	78.5	10
48	80	4	84.5	6	84.5	8	84.5	10	84.5	12	84.5	14	84.5	16
60	93	4	96.5	6	96.5	8	96.5	10	96.5	12	96.5	14	96.5	16

	FE\	/*22	FEV*23		FE\	/*24	FEV'	*25	FEV	*26	FEV	*27
LEG		NO		NO		NO		NO		NO		NO
Ht.	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF	Ht.	OF
		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS		LEGS
30	66.5	4	66.5	6	66.5	6	66.5	8	66.5	8	66.5	10
36	72.5	4	72.5	6	72.5	6	72.5	8	72.5	8	72.5	10
42	78.5	4	78.5	6	78.5	6	78.5	8	78.5	8	78.5	10
48	84.5	6	84.5	8	84.5	10	84.5	12	84.5	14	84.5	16
60	96.5	6	96.5	8	96.5	10	96.5	12	96.5	14	96.5	16

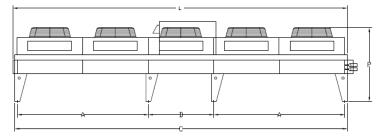
2.3 Unit Dimensions with K Motor – Vertical Discharge Unit

Figure 2 and Table 3 and 4 contain the overall dimensions and support leg bolt hole locations for all the K motor units.

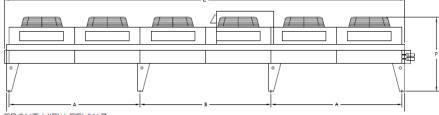
Figure 2 Unit Dimensions with K Motor



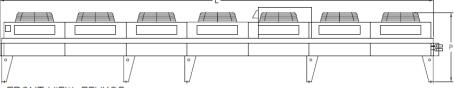
FRONT VIEW FEVK 15



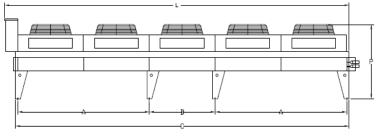
FRONT VIEW FEVK16



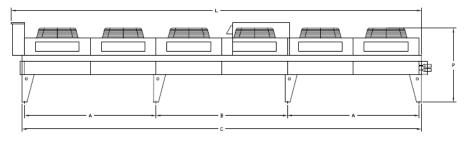
FRONT VIEW FEVKI7



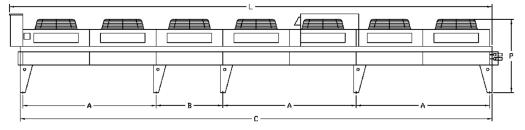
FRONT VIEW FEVK25



FRONT VIEW FEVK26



FRONT VIEW FEVK 27



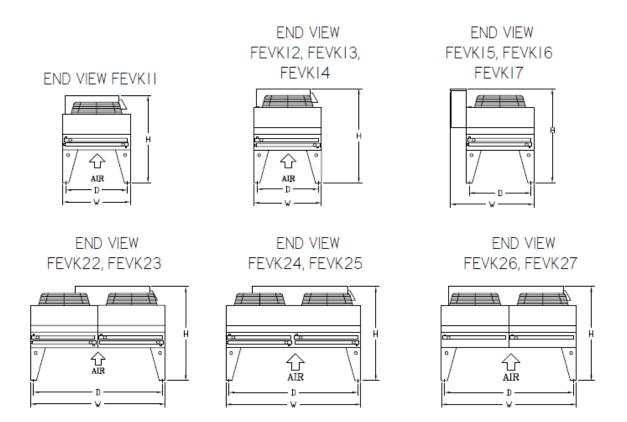


Table 3 – Unit Dimensions with Standard 22" Legs – (K Motors)

MODEL		DIMENSIONS (IN)												
IVIODEL	L	W	Н	Α	В	С	D	Р						
FEVK11	66.75	45.25	58.50	54.00	NA	58.00	41.25	54.00						
FEVK12	120.75	45.25	63.00	108.00	NA	112.00	41.25	58.50						
FEVK13	174.75	45.25	63.00	54.00	108.00	166.00	41.25	58.50						
FEVK14	228.75	45.25	63.00	108.00	108.00	220.00	41.25	58.50						
FEVK15	274.00	56.00	63.00	108.00	54.00	274.00	41.25	58.50						
FEVK16	328.00	56.00	63.00	108.00	108.00	328.00	41.25	58.50						
FEVK17	382.00	56.00	63.00	108.00	54.00	382.00	41.25	58.50						

MODEL		DIMENSIONS (IN)												
MODEL	L	W	Н	Α	В	С	D	Р						
FEVK22	120.75	90.55	63.00	108.00	NA	112.00	86.55	58.50						
FEVK23	174.75	90.55	63.00	54.00	108.00	166.00	86.55	58.50						
FEVK24	228.75	90.55	63.00	108.00	108.00	220.00	86.55	58.50						
FEVK25	282.75	90.55	63.00	108.00	54.00	274.00	86.55	58.50						
FEVK26	336.75	90.55	63.00	108.00	108.00	328.00	86.55	58.50						
FEVK27	390.75	90.55	63.00	108.00	54.00	382.00	86.55	58.50						

Units with Optional Legs (Extended 30", 36", 42", 48", or 60" Legs) –

Table 4 – Unit Heights and Number of Legs with Extended Legs – (K Motors)

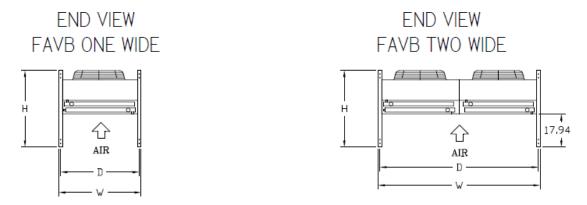
	FEV	′K11	FEVK12		FEV	K13	FEV	K14	FEV	K15	FEV	K16	FEV	K17
LEG Ht.	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS
30	66.5	4	71.0	4	71.0	6	71.0	6	71.0	8	71.0	8	71.0	10
36	72.5	4	77.0	4	77.0	6	77.0	6	77.0	8	77.0	8	77.0	10
42	78.5	4	83.0	4	83.0	6	83.0	6	83.0	8	83.0	8	83.0	10
48	84.5	4	89.0	6	89.0	8	89.0	10	89.0	12	89.0	14	89.0	16
60	96.5	4	101.0	6	101.0	8	101.0	10	101.0	12	101.0	14	101.0	16

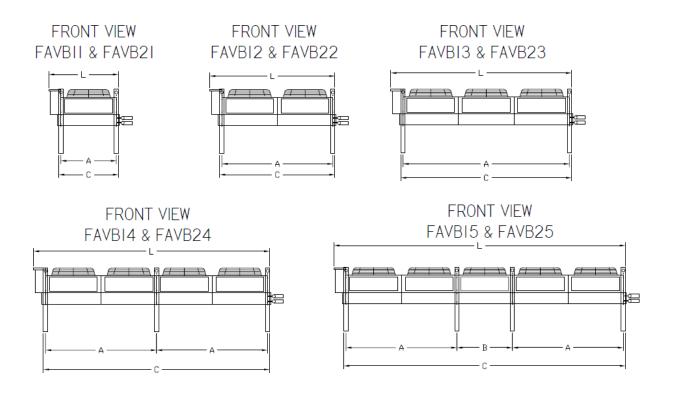
	FEV	K22	FEVK23		FEVK24		FEV	K25	FEV	K26	FEVK27	
LEG Ht.	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS	Ht.	No. OF LEGS
30	71.0	4	71.0	6	71.0	6	71.0	8	71.0	8	71.0	10
36	77.0	4	77.0	6	77.0	6	77.0	8	77.0	8	77.0	10
42	83.0	4	83.0	6	83.0	6	83.0	8	83.0	8	83.0	10
48	89.0	6	89.0	8	89.0	10	89.0	12	89.0	14	89.0	16
60	101.0	6	101.0	8	101.0	10	101.0	12	101.0	14	101.0	16

2.4 Unit Dimensions for Units with B Motor – Vertical Discharge Unit

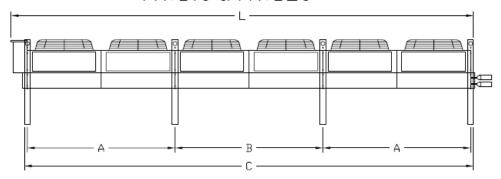
Figure 3 and Table 5 overall dimensions and support leg bolt hole locations for all the B Motor units.

Figure 3 Unit Dimensions with B Motor





FRONT VIEW FAVB16 & FAVB26



FRONT VIEW FAVB17 & FAVB27

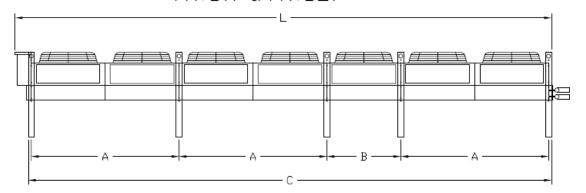


Table 5 – Unit Dimensions with B Motor

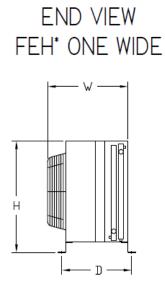
MODEL			DI	MENSIONS (I	N)		
IVIODEL	L	W	Н	Α	В	С	D
FAVB11	45.22	44.55	41.44	36.00	NA	38.75	42.55
FAVB12	81.22	44.55	41.44	72.00	NA	74.75	42.55
FAVB13	117.22	44.55	41.44	108.00	NA	110.75	42.55
FAVB14	153.22	44.55	41.44	72.00	NA	146.75	42.55
FAVB15	189.22	44.55	41.44	72.00	36.00	182.75	42.55
FAVB16	225.22	44.55	41.44	72.00	NA	218.75	42.55
FAVB17	261.22	44.55	41.44	72.00	36.00	254.75	42.55

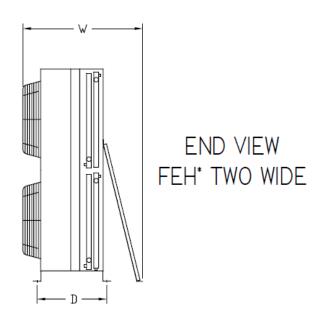
MODEL		DIMENSIONS (IN)												
IVIODEL	L	W	Н	Α	В	С	D							
FAVB22	81.22	87.62	41.44	72.00	NA	74.75	85.62							
FAVB23	117.22	87.62	41.44	108.00	NA	110.75	85.62							
FAVB24	153.22	87.62	41.44	72.00	NA	146.75	85.62							
FAVB25	189.22	87.62	41.44	72.00	36.00	182.75	85.62							
FAVB26	225.22	87.62	41.44	72.00	NA	218.75	85.62							
FAVB27	261.22	87.62	41.44	72.00	36.00	254.75	85.62							

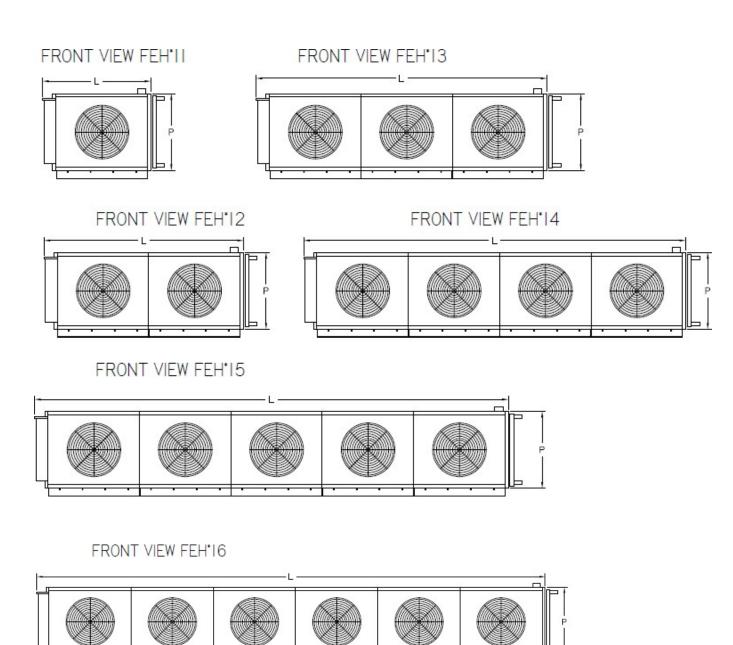
2.5 Unit Dimensions with A,C,E,F Motor Types – Horizontal Air Discharge Units

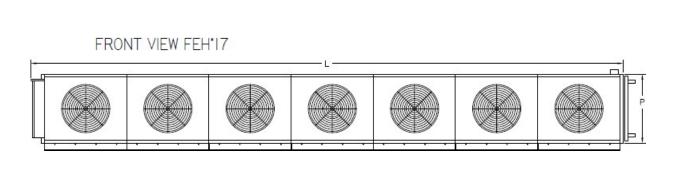
Figure 4 and Tables 2 and 6 contain the overall dimensions and support leg bolt hole locations for all of the A,C,E and F fan units.

Figure 4 Unit Dimensions with A,C,E,F Motor









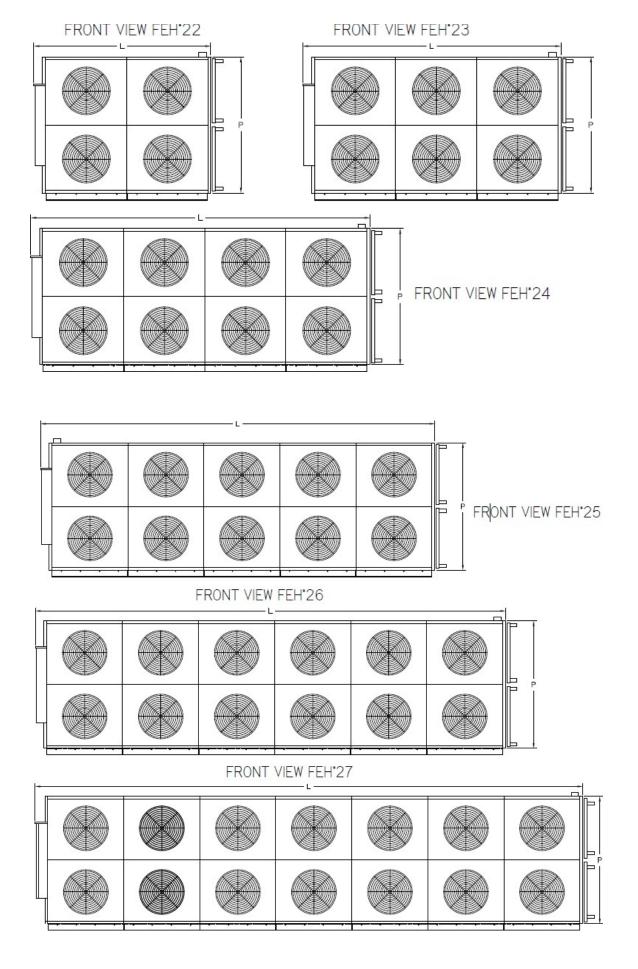


Table 6 – Unit Dimensions – (A,C,E,F Motors) – Horizontal Air Discharge Units

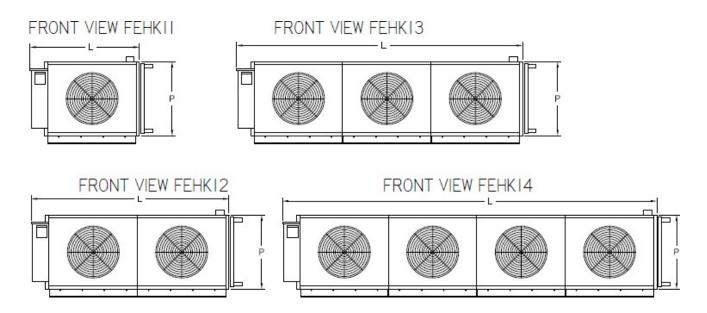
MODEL	DIMENSIONS (IN)					
	L	W	Н	D	Р	
FEH*11	63.85	36.50	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEH*12	117.85	36.50	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEH*13	171.85	36.50	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEH*14	225.85	36.50	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEH*15	279.85	36.50	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEH*16	333.85	36.50	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEH*17	388.88	36.50	49.94	31.75	45.25	

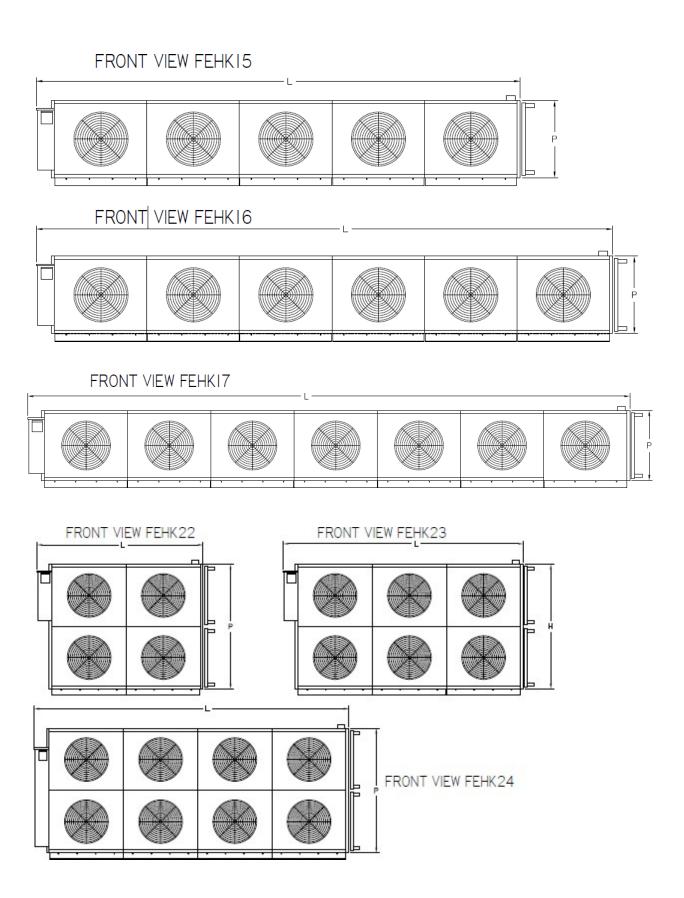
MODEL	DIMENSIONS (IN)					
	L	W	Н	D	Р	
FEH*22	117.85	54.18	95.19	31.75	90.50	
FEH*23	171.85	54.18	95.19	31.75	90.50	
FEH*24	225.85	54.18	95.19	31.75	90.50	
FEH*25	279.85	54.18	95.19	31.75	90.50	
FEH*26	333.85	54.18	95.19	31.75	90.50	
FEH*27	388.88	54.18	95.19	31.75	90.50	

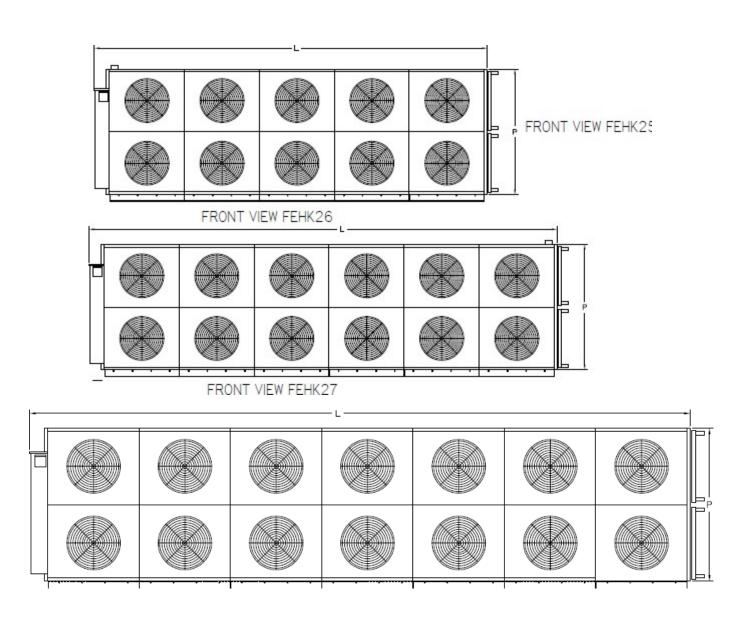
2.6 Unit Dimensions for Units with K Motor – Horizontal Air Flow Unit

Figure 5 and Tables 3 and 7 contain the overall dimensions and support leg bolt hole locations for all the K motor units.

Figure 5 Unit Dimensions with K Motor







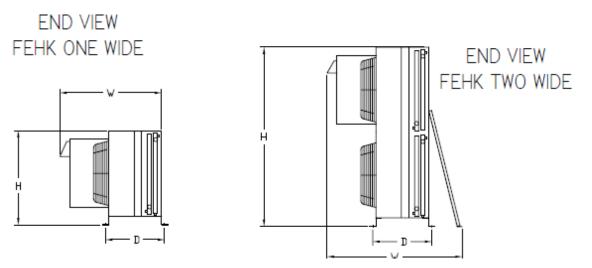


Table 7 – Unit Dimensions with K Motors

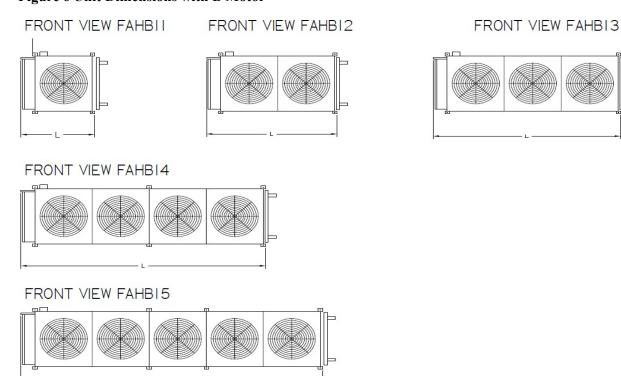
MODEL	DIMENSIONS (IN)					
	L	W	Н	D	Р	
FEHK11	66.75	49.90	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEHK12	120.75	53.90	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEHK13	174.75	53.90	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEHK14	228.75	53.90	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEHK15	282.75	53.90	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEHK16	336.75	53.90	49.94	31.75	45.25	
FEHK17	390.75	53.90	49.94	31.75	45.25	

	DIMENSIONS (IN)						
MODEL	DIIVIENSIONS (IN)						
	L	W	Н	D	Р		
FEHK22	120.75	71.36	95.19	31.75	90.50		
FEHK23	174.75	71.36	95.19	31.75	90.50		
FEHK24	228.75	71.36	95.19	31.75	90.50		
FEHK25	282.75	71.36	95.19	31.75	90.50		
FEHK26	336.75	71.36	95.19	31.75	90.50		
FEHK27	390.75	71.36	95.19	31.75	90.50		

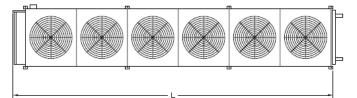
2.7 Unit Dimensions for Units with B Motor – Horizontal Air Flow Unit

Figure 6 and Tables 5 and 8 contain the overall dimensions and support leg bolt hole locations for all the K motor units.

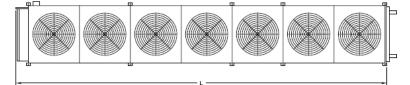
Figure 6 Unit Dimensions with B Motor



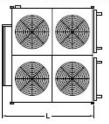
FRONT VIEW FAHB14

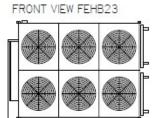


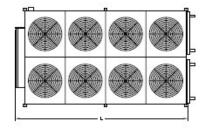
FRONT VIEW FAHB15



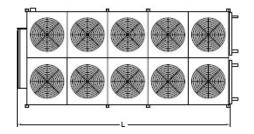
FRONT VIEW FEHB22





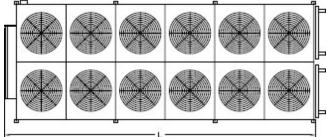


FRONT VIEW FEHB24

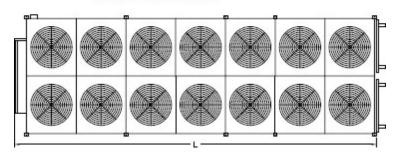


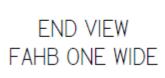
FRONT VIEW FEHB25

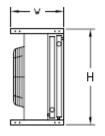
FRONT VIEW FEHB26



FRONT VIEW FEHB27







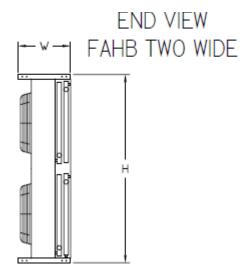


Table 8 – Unit Dimensions with B Motors

MODEL	DIMENSIONS(IN)				
IVIODEL	L	W	Н		
FAHB11	46.31	24.50	44.50		
FAHB12	82.31	24.50	44.50		
FAHB13	118.31	24.50	44.50		
FAHB14	154.31	24.50	44.50		
FAHB15	190.31	24.50	44.50		
FAHB16	226.31	24.50	44.50		
FAHB17	262.31	24.50	44.50		

MODEL	DIMENSIONS (IN)				
MODEL	L	W	Н		
FAHB22	82.31	24.50	87.62		
FAHB23	118.31	24.50	87.62		
FAHB24	154.31	24.50	87.62		
FAHB25	190.31	24.50	87.62		
FAHB26	226.31	24.50	87.62		
FAHB27	262.31	24.50	87.62		

2.8 Unit Weights, Internal Volume – Units with A,C,E,F and K Motors

The following table contains approximate unit shipping weights and internal volumes for the 30" fan units.

Table below shows the values from vertical air flow models. Values remain the same for horizontal air flow models.

Table 9 – Models with A, C, E, F, and K Motors

	SHIP	INTERNAL
MODEL	WEIGHT	VOLUME
	(LBS)	(GAL)
FEV*11208	437	3.7
FEV*11210	439	3.7
FEV*11212	444	3.7
FEV*11308	466	5.3
FEV*11310	469	5.3
FEV*11312	478	5.3
FEV*11408	495	6.9
FEV*11410	499	6.9
FEV*11412	508	6.9
FEV*12208	718	6.6
FEV*12210	721	6.6
FEV*12212	729	6.6
FEV*12308	773	9.7
FEV*12310	779	9.7
FEV*12312	792	9.7
FEV*12408	830	16.6
FEV*12410	838	16.6
FEV*12412	855	16.6
FEV*13210	1041	9.6
FEV*13212	1060	9.6
FEV*13308	1126	14.1
FEV*13310	1135	14.1
FEV*13312	1153	14.1
FEV*13408	1210	18.7
FEV*13410	1223	18.7
FEV*13412	1247	18.7
FEV*14308	1437	
		18.6
FEV*14310	1449	18.6
FEV*14312	1474	18.6
FEV*14408	1550	24.6
FEV*14410	1566	24.6
FEV*14412	1599	24.6
FEV*15308	2020	22.9
FEV*15310	2035	22.9
FEV*15312	2066	22.9
FEV*15408	2160	30.5
FEV*15410	2181	30.5
FEV*15412	2222	30.5
FEV*16308	2554	27.4
FEV*16310	2573	27.4
FEV*16312	2610	27.4
FEV*16408	2784	36.4
FEV*16410	2808	36.4
FEV*16412	2858	36.4
FEV*17308	3020	31.9
FEV*17310	3042	31.9
FEV*17312	3088	31.9
FEV*17408	3279	42.3
FEV*17410	3307	42.3
FEV*17412	3366	42.3
	·	·

1	SHIP	INTERNAL
MODEL	WEIGHT	VOLUME
WIODEL	(LBS)	(GAL)
FEV*22208	1311	12.8
FEV*22210	1320	12.8
FEV*22212	1336	12.8
FEV*22308	1437	19.1
FEV*22310	1425	19.1
FEV*22312	1462	19.1
FEV*22312 FEV*22408	1539	
		25.3
FEV*22410	1555	25.3
FEV*22412	1588	25.3
FEV*23210	1875	18.7
FEV*23212	1912	18.7
FEV*23308	2044	27.9
FEV*23310	2063	27.9
FEV*23312	2100	27.9
FEV*23408	2214	37.1
FEV*23410	2238	37.1
FEV*23412	2287	37.1
FEV*24308	2526	36.7
FEV*24310	2651	36.7
FEV*24312	2700	36.7
FEV*24408	2851	48.8
FEV*24410	2884	48.8
FEV*24412	2950	48.8
FEV*25308	3725	45.6
FEV*25310	3755	45.6
FEV*25312	3817	45.6
FEV*25408	4005	60.7
FEV*25410	4046	60.7
FEV*25412	4129	60.7
FEV*26308	4759	54.6
FEV*26310	4796	54.6
FEV*26312	4870	54.6
FEV*26408	5218	72.5
FEV*26410	5268	72.5
FEV*26412	5366	72.5
FEV*27308	5691	63.6
FEV*27310	5734	63.6
FEV*27312	5826	63.6
FEV*27408	6208	84.3
FEV*27410	6266	84.3
FEV*27412	6382	84.3

2.9 Unit Weights, Internal Volume - Units with B Motor

The following table contains approximate unit shipping weights and internal volumes for the 24" fan units

Table below shows the values from vertical air flow models, values remains the same for horizontal air flow models.

Table 10 – Models with B Motors

	SHIP	INTERNAL
MODEL	WEIGHT	VOLUME
	(LBS)	(GAL)
FAVB11208	178	1.2
FAVB11210	181	1.2
FAVB11212	184	1.2
FAVB11308	180	1.8
FAVB11310	185	1.8
FAVB11312	190	1.8
FAVB11408	193	2.3
FAVB11410	200	2.3
FAVB11412	207	2.3
FAVB12208	346	2.2
FAVB12210	352	2.2
FAVB12212	358	2.2
FAVB12308	362	3.2
FAVB12310	372	3.2
FAVB12312	382	3.2
FAVB12408	386	5.5
FAVB12410	400	5.5
FAVB12412	413	5.5
FAVB13308	544	4.7
FAVB13310	559	4.7
FAVB13312	574	4.7
FAVB13408	580	6.2
FAVB13410	600	6.2
FAVB13412	620	6.2
FAVB14308	820	6.2
FAVB14310	840	6.2
FAVB14312	860	6.2
FAVB14408	873	8.1
FAVB14410	900	8.1
FAVB14412	927	8.1
FAVB15308	836	7.6
FAVB15310	861	7.6
FAVB15312	886	7.6
FAVB15408	917	10.1
FAVB15410	950	10.1
FAVB15412	983	10.1
FAVB16308	1040	9.1
FAVB16310	1070	9.1
FAVB16312	1100	9.1
FAVB16408	1110	12.0
FAVB16410	1150	12.0
FAVB16412	1190	12.0
FAVB17308	1314	10.6
FAVB17310	1349	10.6
FAVB17312	1384	10.6
FAVB17408	1404	14.0
FAVB17410	1450	14.0
FAVB17412	1497	14.0

	SHIP	INTERNAL
MODEL	WEIGHT	VOLUME
	(LBS)	(GAL)
FAVB22208	642	4.2
FAVB22210	654	4.2
FAVB22212	666	4.2
FAVB22308	845	6.3
FAVB22310	865	6.3
FAVB22312	885	6.3
FAVB22408	895	8.4
FAVB22410	923	8.4
FAVB22412	953	8.4
FAVB23308	1088	9.2
FAVB23310	1118	9.2
FAVB23312	1148	9.2
FAVB23408	1185	12.3
FAVB23410	1225	12.3
FAVB23412	1265	12.3
FAVB24308	1665	12.1
FAVB24310	1705	12.1
FAVB24312	1745	12.1
FAVB24408	1771	16.1
FAVB24410	1825	16.1
FAVB24412	1880	16.1
FAVB25308	1672	15.1
FAVB25310	1722	15.1
FAVB25312	1772	15.1
FAVB25408	1859	20.1
FAVB25410	1925	20.1
FAVB25412	1991	20.1
FAVB26308	2035	18.1
FAVB26310	2095	18.1
FAVB26312	2155	18.1
FAVB26408	2145	24.0
FAVB26410	2225	24.0
FAVB26412	2305	24.0
FAVB27308	2655	21.0
FAVB27310	2725	21.0
FAVB27312	2795	21.0
FAVB27408	2835	27.9
FAVB27410	2925	27.9
FAVB27412	3015	27.9

3 UNIT LOCATION

Fluid Coolers require adequate space to allow unrestricted ambient airflow in to and out of the fan section. Figure 7 gives general rules as to the location of a fluid cooling unit regarding different situations. The distances shown in the sketches should be increased whenever possible. The unit position relative to the prevailing winds should be considered. Note that higher than expected return fluid temperatures will result in poor system operation if the following suggested distances are not used.

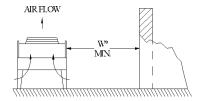
To ensure a unit performs as predicted, it should be located away from heated air exhausts, steam vents, or corrosive airflows whether it comes from the user site or from another nearby source. A corrosive atmosphere will require a coil coating.

Unit sound levels should be considered for the unit location. A fluid cooling unit should be located away from sound and vibration sensitive spaces to avoid transmission into those spaces.

FIGURE 7 LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

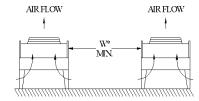
Walls or Barriers

For proper airflow and access, all sides of the unit should be a minimum of "W" away from any wall or barrier. Enough space should be allowed for all maintenance work. Overhead obstructions are not allowed.



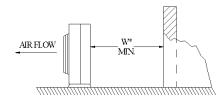
Multiple Units

For units placed side by side, the minimum distance between units is the width of the largest unit. If units are placed end to end, the minimum distance between units is one fan section long.



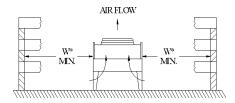
Walls or Barriers for Horizontal Airflow

Units with horizontal airflow should be a minimum of "W" away from any wall or barrier, plus the air discharge should be free flowing away from the unit.



Decorative Fences

Fences must have 50% free area, with 1 foot undercut, a "W" minimum clearance, and must not exceed the top of the unit.

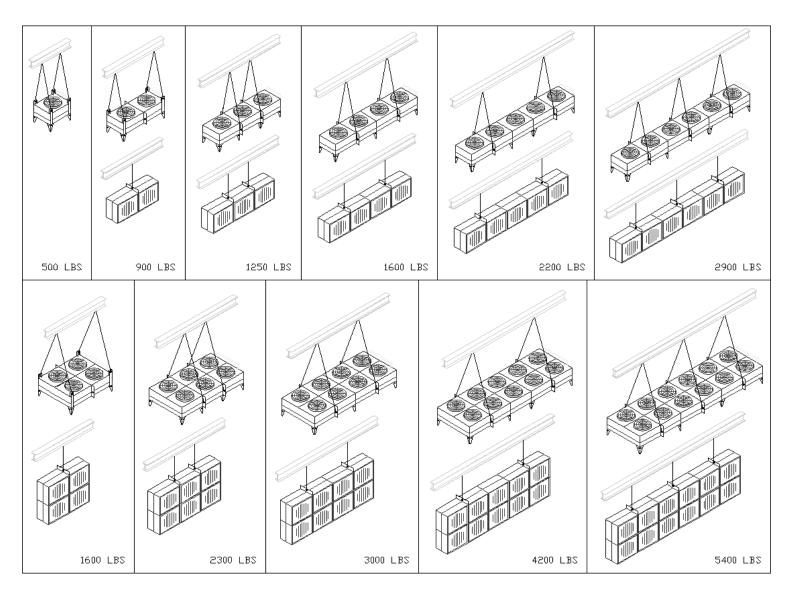


W = Total width of the Fluid Cooling unit – Single or Double wide.

4 RIGGING

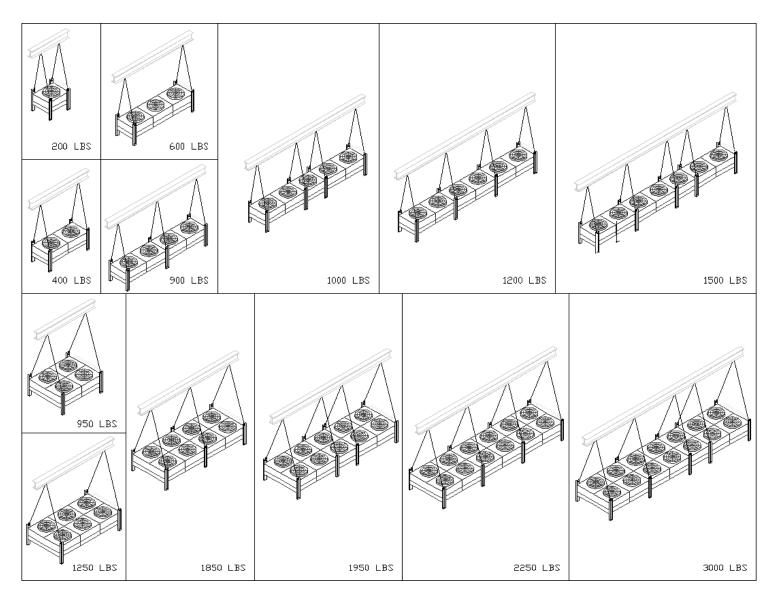
Fluid Coolers are designed to be lifted using the leg support channels or the side lifting brackets for larger units. The unit mounting leg assemblies are best attached when the unit is in the flat, fans facing up, and supported by the rigging. Take special care not to bump, hit, or otherwise stress the tubing, headers, or connections during the lifting and positioning of the unit. Under no circumstances should the coil headers or return bends be used in lifting or moving the unit. See Figures 8 and 9 for the designated lifting points and lift methods for all unit sizes plus approximate unit weights.

FIGURE 8 RIGGING AND LIFTING FOR 30" FAN UNITS – UNITS WITH A,C,E,F AND K MOTORS



NOTE: STATIONARY LIFTING POINTS AND LIFTING PLATES FACTORY MOUNTED. OUTER SUPPORT LEGS (IF REQUIRED) SHIPPED LOOSE FOR FIELD INSTALLATION BY OTHERS WITH NECESSARY BOLTS, WASHERS AND NUTS INCLUDED, (SEE SECTION 5.1 FOR LEG MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS). UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD CONSIDER MANIFOLDS, ELECTRICAL ENCLOSURE(S) OR RETURN BENDS BE USE FOR LIFTING OR MOVING THE UNITS!

FIGURE 9 RIGGING AND LIFTING FOR 24" FAN UNITS - UNITS WITH B MOTOR



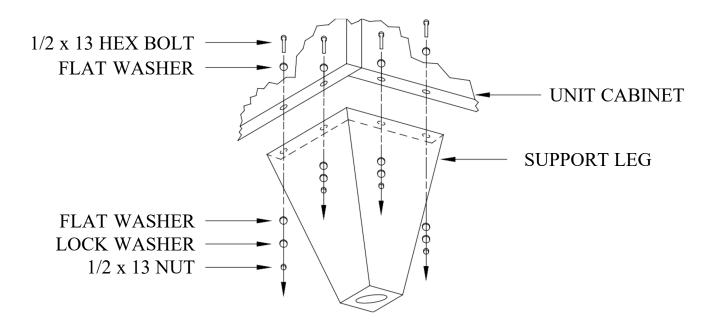
NOTE: STATIONARY LIFTING POINTS AND LIFTING PLATES FACTORY MOUNTED. OUTER SUPPORT LEGS (IF REQUIRED) SHIPPED LOOSE FOR FIELD INSTALLATION BY OTHERS WITH NECESSARY BOLTS, WASHERS AND NUTS INCLUDED, (SEE SECTION 5.1 FOR LEG MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS). UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD CONSIDER MANIFOLDS, ELECTRICAL ENCLOSURE(S) OR RETURN BENDS BE USE FOR LIFTING OR MOVING THE UNITS!

5 UNIT ASSEMBLY

5.1 Leg Assembly For 30" Fan Units – For Units with A, C, E, F, and K motors

Fluid Coolers with 30" diameter fans that blow air in a vertical up direction are supported by formed, mill galvanized channel legs that provide a standard 22" of clearance from the bottom of the leg to the bottom of the coil section. Install the legs on the unit before rigging the unit into place using the hardware provided with the unit. If extended legs are ordered to provide additional clearance, the leg attachment is the same as the standard leg. Support legs that are 48" or 60" in height will require a leg between every fan section and cross bracing for stability.

FIGURE 10 STANDARD 22" LEG ASSEMBLY



5.2 Horizontal Airflow Unit Base Support

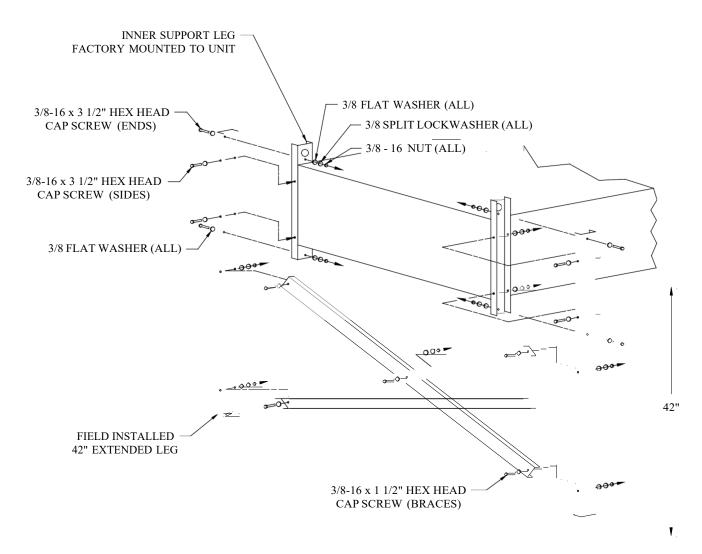
Double-wide fluid cooler units with 30" diameter fans standing up with horizontal airflow will have heavy duty sheet metal supports running the length of the unit to support the weight of the unit. The supports have a hole pattern to bolt the unit to the base pad or structure that the unit will sit on (review drawing that comes with the unit for the hole pattern detail). The unit will also come with a loose set of metal angles to help support the unit horizontally. View drawing that comes with unit for support angle attachment location both to the unit and to the base pad or structure.

5.3 Leg Assembly For 24" Fan Units – for Units with B Motor

Fluid coolers with 24" diameter fans blowing air in a vertical up direction are supported by formed, mill galvanized channel legs that provide a standard 18" of clearance from the bottom of the leg to the bottom of the coil section. The standard 18" legs are factory mounted to the unit. If extended legs are ordered to provide 42" of clearance, the attachment procedure for the shipped loose legs and the cross bracing is shown in Figure 11 below. Raise the unit off the ground via rigging or other stable support for leg and bracing attachment.

Units that are designed to blow air in the horizontal direction do not require legs and are ready to be rigged into position.

FIGURE 11 STANDARD 42" LEG & BRACING ASSEMBLY



6 INSTALLATION AND PIPING

6.1 Mounting the Unit

The unit must be installed on a firm, level base to assure optimum unit performance. The mounting legs should be securely fastened at its base to the steel or concrete of the supporting base. For roof mounted installations, the steel supporting base holding the unit should be elevated above the roof and fastened to the columns or load bearing walls of the building. See Figure 12 for mounting examples.

6.2 Interconnecting Piping for Double Wide Units

Interconnecting piping for double-wide units should be as short and as direct as possible to the unit header connections. The fluid inlet connections are always on the air outlet side of the coil. If the fluid piping arrangement has a portion of the pipe at a higher elevation than the coil headers, a vent value should be placed at the highest point of the piping. If the header sheet metal covers were removed for piping, replace the covers for header and return bend protection. See Figure 12 for suggested interconnecting piping support arrangements.

6.3 Fluid Piping

All jobsite piping to the unit should conform to the applicable local and state codes. Use the proper pipe sizes for the installation. Follow good commercial piping practices throughout the installation which includes properly bracing the lines.

AC&R type copper tubing should be used throughout. Cut tubing with a wheel-type cutter and not a hacksaw. Debur before assembly in the fittings. **NOTE**: If onsite tubing lengths used are not capped (i.e., are not perfectly clean), it should be dragged internally with a clean, lint-free rag before fabricating into the system. Soft solders are not to be used. Always clean all pipe and fitting areas that will be brazed with the proper grade emery cloth. Plan to use only oxy-acetylene brazing. A higher content silver brazing rod must be used to avoid excessive use of flux, to avoid it being pushed into the system piping, which will create problems later. Use a silver solder which contains sufficient silver content necessary for joint strength and flexibility yet requires minimum use of flux. For copper-to-copper joints, use a phos-copper solder with 6-8% silver content. Some easy-flow types require no flux, and the resultant joints are of maximum strength without brittleness. Nitrogen should be used to purge the air from the connecting tubing during brazing in order to prevent copper oxide formations.

For fluid coolers with threaded connections, use of a pipe thread compound (filler) or teflon tape is recommended when connecting to the system piping. Use opposing wrenches on the unit connection and the mating piping connection so that the minimum of the turning torque is applied to the unit connection stub and header.

For fluid coolers with flanged connections, the mating flange must be equally rated and sized. Review drawing that came with the unit for flange information.

A vent plug is installed at the highest point in the unit inlet header to facilitate the removal of internal air when filling or purging the system. The purging process should only be done with the pump system off and pressures equalized.

Consideration should be given that undersized piping lines will cause several problems in a fluid system. High pressure drops in the lines take away from the systems flow rate and capacity as well as resulting in excessive power usage.

Provisions must be made to accommodate expansion and contraction of the lines, especially if the lines have long run with few elbows or bends. The lines must also be adequately supported at frequent intervals in accordance with good piping practice. It is necessary that field bracing provide adequate support at the fluid cooler connections. See Figure 12 for suggested arrangements.

Pressure testing of the piping should be done as soon as the field piping has been completed. The test pressure should not exceed the unit UL nameplate pressure. Nitrogen may be used to increase the trace refrigerant pressure for leak testing. Shipping vibrations can stress joints thus producing operating leaks which would otherwise go undetected from just a low-pressure holding charge. Therefore, check for leaks at all joints before filling the system.

Field piping design must prevent the coil from being isolated from the expansion tank. See Figure 13 for typical piping. The fluid properties and circulation rate must be maintained to protect freezing.

FIGURE 12 UNIT MOUNTING AND PIPING

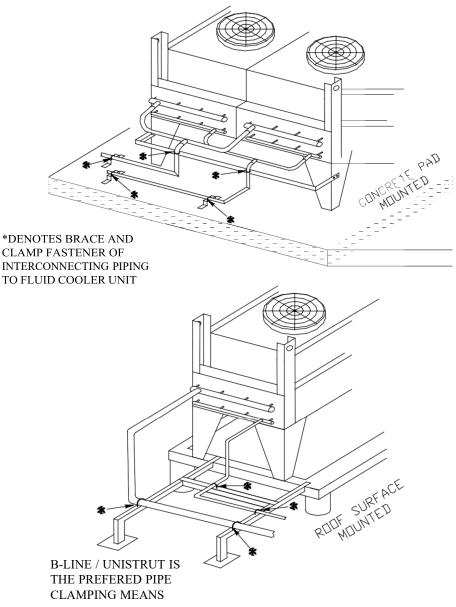
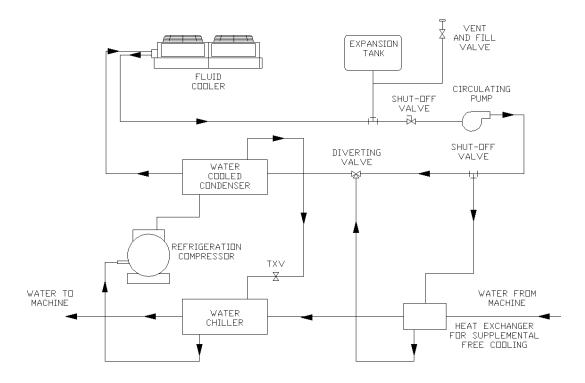


FIGURE 13 TYPICAL PIPING



6.4 Recommended Fluids and Oils

Selection of fluid and percentage of fluid mixes depend on internal volume of the coil, type of application and freezing temperature of the fluid. Refer to table 11 for freezing temperature of fluids. Proper precautions need to be taken to prevent freeze damage during low ambient temperatures. Consult glycol vendor recommendations for specific freeze protection for installed location.

Common fluids that can be cooled include water, glycol, and refrigeration oil. These fluids and variety others can be simulated in our computer software program to optimize circuiting and calculate performance for the specific supply temperature, flow rate, and fluid type.

Krack offers fluid coolers with fluids and oils listed below. Available fluid options:

- Water
- Ethylene Glycol
- Propylene Glycol
- Calcium Chloride
- Trichloroethylene

Available refrigeration oil options:

- BSE170 Oil
- B100 Oil
- B320SH Oil
- B150SH Oil

Table 11 - Fluid Properties

Fluid	Fluid Viscosity (centipoise)	Fluid Thermal Conductivity (Btu/h·ft·°F)	Fluid Specific Heat (Btu/lb·°F)	Fluid Density (lb/ft³)	Freezing Temp (°F)
Water	0.5297	0.372	1	61.64	32
Ethylene Glycol	0.9272	0.3	0.931	63.4	14.9
Propylene Glycol	1.1427	0.288	0.949	62.6	15.3
Calcium Chloride	7.658	0.441	1.354	167.22	-19
Trichloroethylene	1.0428	0.139	0.328	61.93	-123

6.5 Glycol Sludge Prevention

Glycol systems may be subject to sludge formation in coils due to one or more of the following causes:

- Reaction of the fluid with piping (zinc)
- Reaction of the fluid with water additives
- Reaction of the fluid with system dirt, pipe dope, oils, or solder flux

Glycol manufacturers offer a specially inhibited glycol (formulated for snow melting systems) which does not react with zinc. This glycol is also suitable for heat transfer systems. Glycol manufacturers also provide inhibitor check services on a regular basis.

6.6 Recommended Connection Size

System design must conform to all local and national codes, laws, and regulations applying to the site of installation. In addition, the safety code for mechanical refrigeration (ASME B31.5) should be followed as a guide for installation and operation practice. Refrigerant line sizes and piping techniques should be obtained from the ASHRAE guide or equivalent reference. Under no circumstances should the refrigerant connection size of the unit be used as the basis for sizing the lines.

7 ELECTRICAL

If the fluid cooler unit is equipped with an electrical power disconnect switch, ensure the switch is in the "OFF" position (preferably locked in this position before any electrical work is performed to the unit).

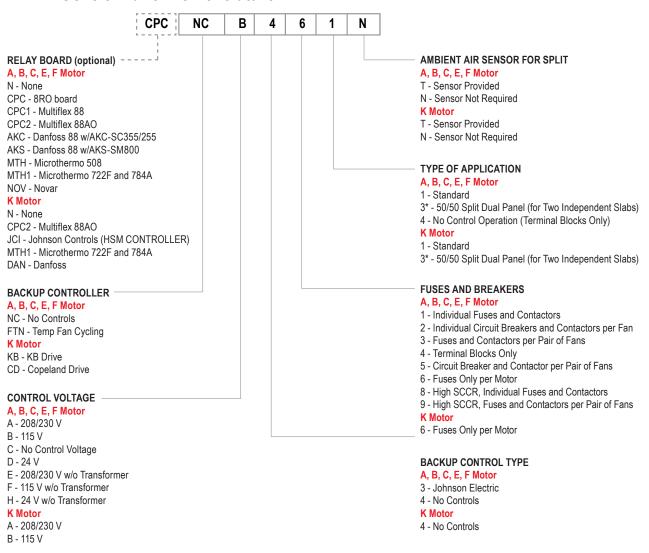
The fluid cooler units can be arranged at the factory so that each motor is wired to individual terminal blocks. In this case, each motor requires individual power wiring or can be wired to a fan cycling controlpanel requiring only one set of power wires. The fan cycling control panel can consist of a series of temperature controllers, which sense the outlet fluid temperature which turns fans on and off. Review theelectrical drawing that accompanies the unit.

Check fan blade clearances within the venturies so that each fan is horizontally centered in the venturi. Fan motors operating at higher elevations will draw lower than rated amps, as well as draw a less effective air volume across the coil surface. This is due to the reduced density of the higher altitude air resulting in reduced unit capacity. Consult factory if you suspect this situation.

7.1 Field Wiring

Field wiring should comply with NEC and local codes. The power supply voltage, phase, and frequency must match what is shown on the unit data plate. Only qualified electricians should work on the electrical portion of any unit installation.

7.2 Control Panel Nomenclature



Applies only for 2-wide units

7.3 Motors Wiring

Primary protection to individual fan motor can be fuse/circuit breaker with contactors and fuse only. Krack gives the option of 'only terminal pins' for filed wiring.

Figure 14 MOTOR WIRING

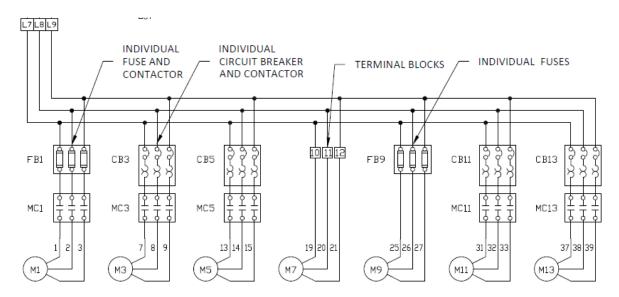
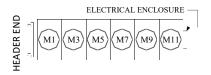


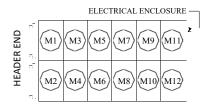
Figure 15 - Numbering of Fan Motors for Identification

Below picture shows the numbering of fan motors for identification.

1 Wide Units Fan Numbering



2 Wide Units Fan Numbering



7.4 Motors Wired to Standard Fan Cycling Control Panel

The standard fan cycling control panel for fluid cooler units contains a series of temperature controllers. The fans cycle on and off from a signal by the temperature sensor. If the unit has one row of fans, the fan cycling controls turn the fans on or off individually. If the unit has two rows of fans, either adjoining pairs of fans or individual fans can be cycled depending upon the system requirements. Consult electrical drawing that arrived with the fluid cooler. The fan(s) nearest the headers are the first-on, last-off, and are continuously on when the pump is running. Figure 16 has typical motor wiring schematics.

Figure 16 FAN CYCLING WIRING DIAGRAMS

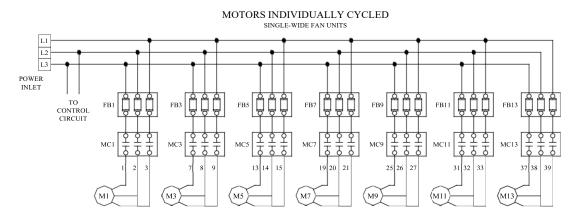
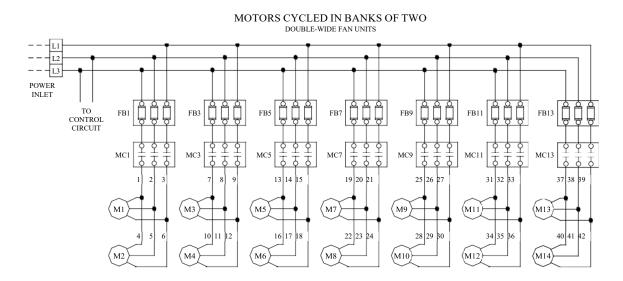


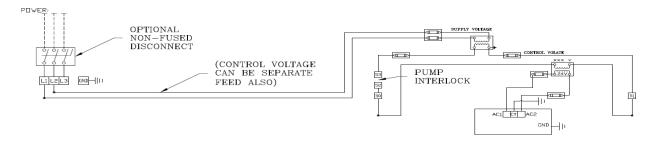
Figure 17 FAN CYCLING IN PAIRS WIRING DIAGRAMS



7.5 CONTROL PANEL WIRING DIAGRAMS

Control voltage for the unit can be a separate feed or it can be taken from the fan motor feed. In case of single power feed connection, a stepdown transformer will be used. Transformer sized based on primary, secondary voltages and amps required. Control voltage can be 208V-230V, 120V, and 24V.

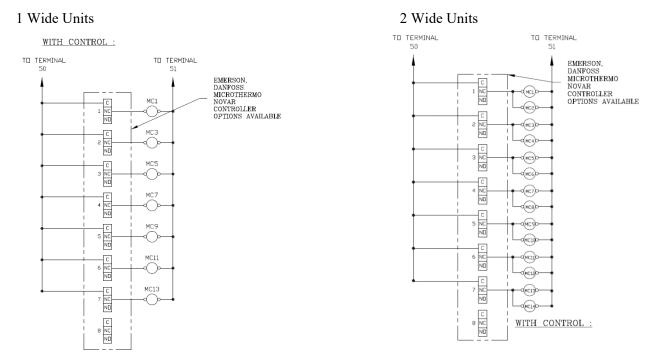
Figure 18 CONTROL PANEL WIRING DIAGRAM



7.6 RELAY BOARD WIRING

Krack offers Emerson Multiflex boards, Danfoss, Microthermo, and Novar control boards with fluid coolers with for A,B,C,E, and F fan motors. For units with K motors, Emerson Multiflex, Danfoss, Microthermo, and HSM controller options are available. Review specific job drawing for further details.

Figure 19 Typical Relay Board Wiring -For 1 wide and 2 wide units.



7.7 Back Up Controller Wiring

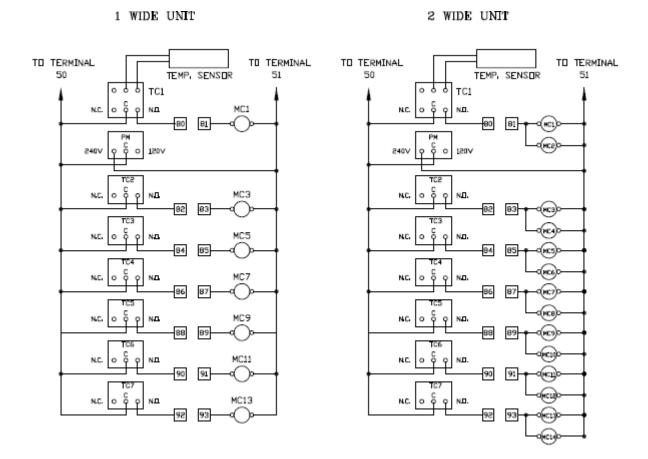
Krack offers Johnson Controls System 350 as a backup controller. The operation of the fan cycle controller employed with a fluid cooler unit should be set up so that the fan or set of fans if a double wide unit, nearest the unit headers is/are the first fans on or last-off whenever the pump is running. Not complying with this condition can cause uneven rapid expansion and contraction of the unit core tubing contributing to tube failures. Violation of this condition is most often associated with electronic controllers and must be avoided through correct programming. This also means do not program the "header end" fans(s) for "equal run time."

The excessive tube stress within the unit due to rapid expansion and contraction of the coil is caused by needless temperature swings as a result of incorrect fan cycling during cold weather. The header end fan(s) will cool the entering fluid and allow the remaining unit surface to cool the fluid at internal temperatures that are not a threat to the performance of the equipment.

To obtain the maximum life from the unit, as well as meet with warranty stipulations, the following field set-up is required:

- A) Always set the header end fan(s) to cycle first-on and last-off when a pump is operating.
- B) Do not set the fans to cycle-on more than 30 times per hour. The maximum short cycling is one minute on, one minute off.

Figure 20 Wiring Drawing – Back Up Controller



7.8 Control Settings

Table 13 contains the settings that the control panel components are set. If a control outside the Johnson controls System 350 series controller is used, consult the wiring schematic for the unit ordered.

7.9 Temperature Sensor

For units with factory-mounted fan cycling controls, the fluid temperature sensor is installed into the bottom, or fluid outlet, header to sense the discharge fluid temperature. On the end of the header, usually on the left side of the unit, a thermal well is installed into the header endcap and the temperature sensor is installed in the bulb well.

TABLE 12 CONTROL PANEL SETTINGS

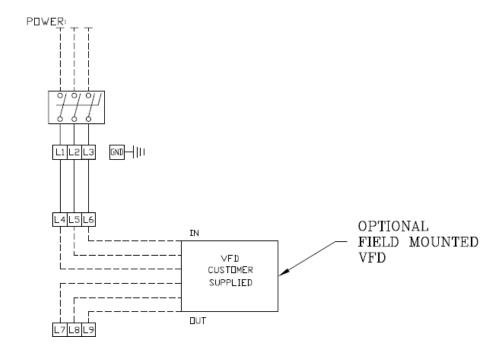
		AMBIENT CONTROL TEMPERATURE SETTINGS (°F)						
	TEMPERATURE CONTROL #		TC2	TC3	TC4	TC5	TC6	TC7
FAN MOTOR	Single Wide Units	MC1	МС3	MC5	MC7	МС9	MC11	MC13
CONTACTOR NUMBER	Double Wide Units	MC1 & MC2	MC3 & MC4	MC5 & MC6	MC7 & MC8	MC9 & MC10	MC11 & MC12	MC13 & MC14
SET OFFSET DIFF FAN ON FAN OFF		70 15 85 70						
SET OFFSET DIFF FAN ON FAN OFF		60 10 70 60	15 10 85 75					
SET OFFSET DIFF FAN ON FAN OFF		60 10 70 60	10 10 80 70	15 10 85 75				
SET OFFSET DIFF FAN ON FAN OFF		60 10 70 60	5 10 75 65	10 10 80 70	15 10 85 75			
SET OFFSET DIFF FAN ON FAN OFF		60 5 65 60	5 5 70 65	10 5 75 70	15 5 80 75	20 5 85 80		
SET OFFSET DIFF FAN ON FAN OFF		55 5 60 55	5 5 65 60	10 5 70 65	15 5 75 70	20 5 80 85	25 5 85 80	
SET OFFSET DIFF FAN ON FAN OFF		55 5 55 50	5 5 60 55	10 5 65 60	15 5 70 65	 20 5 75 70	 25 5 80 75	 30 5 85 80

NOTE: MOTOR CONTACTORS WIRED TO "NC" CONTACT OF TEMPERATURE CONTROL.TEMPERATURE CONTROL SET IN "HEATING" MODE. SEE WIRING DIAGRAM.

7.10 VFD OPERATION

VFD Motor distribution block available for customer supplied VFD's.

FIGURE 21 TYPICAL VFD WIRING DIAGRAM -

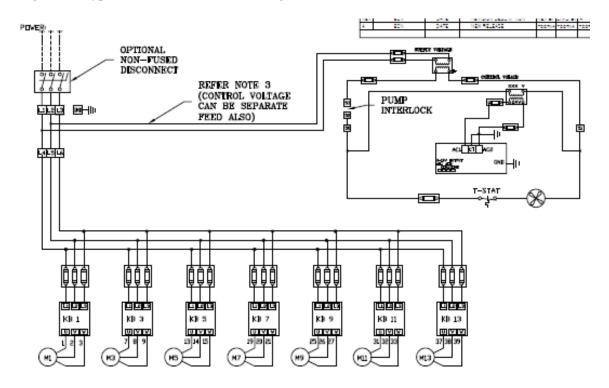


7.11 Wiring of Units with Vspeed K Motor

Vspeed variable speed fluid coolers use Nidec BPM motors which use KB VFD's. The VFD's come factory mounted in the control panel. Airflow is increased/decreased across the fluid cooler coil surface by modulating variable speed fans.

The below figure shows wiring schematics for the drives and motors.

Figure 22 Typical One Wide Unit Drawing with K Motor



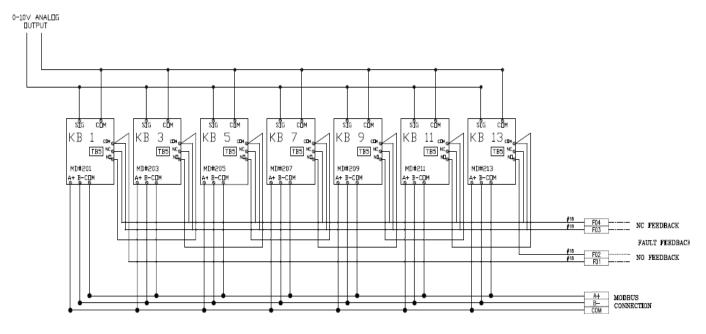
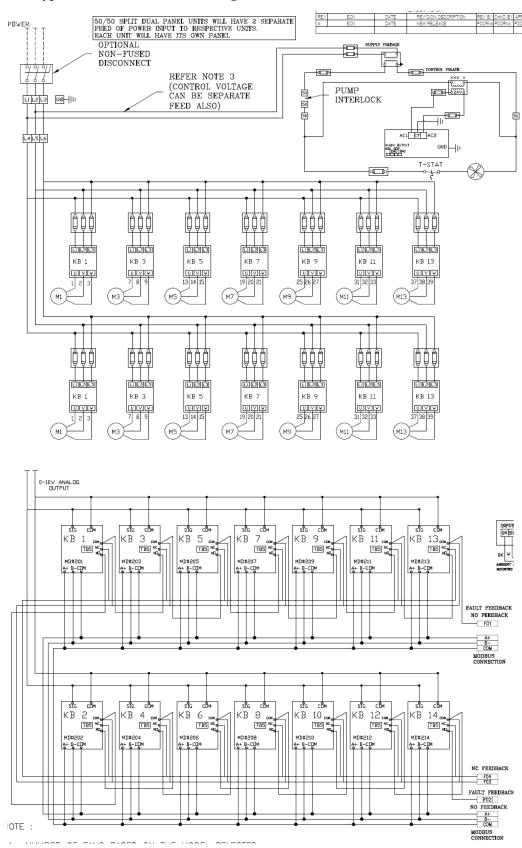


FIGURE 23 Typical Two Wide Unit Drawing with K Motor

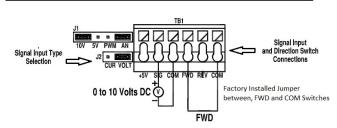


7.12 KB DRIVE SPECIAL SETTING

FIGURE 24: Factory Installed Jumper

Ensure there is a jumper (#18 Gauge wire) installed between FWD and COM switches to allow the motor to run.

TERMINAL BLOCK TB1 CONNECTIONS AND JUMPERS J1/J2 SETTINGS

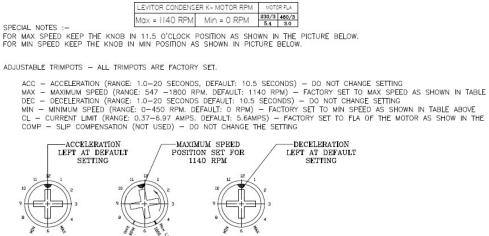


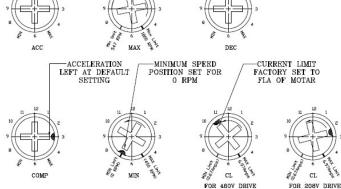


SPECIAL NOTE for Failure Mode – In the event of a drive failure or suspected failure, **the drive should not be by-passed**. The motor will not operate without the drive. Damage to the motor may result and will void the warranty.

KB DRIVE TRIMPOT SETTING

FIGURE 25 KB Drive Minimum and Maximum Speed Setting





7.13 ELECTRICAL MOTOR FLA DATA

Table 14 Shows the FLA of the motor measured at different input voltages. Refer to the individual unit drawing for MCA and MOP values.

Table 13 Fan Motor Amps

	FLA OF MOTOR					
MOTOR TYPE	A-230/1/60	K-230/3/60	U- 380/3/50	r- 380/3/60	M-460/3/60	P-575/3/60
Α	N/A	4.8	2.3	N/A	2.4	1.8
В	4.2	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.3	1.0
С	N/A	6.9	2.9	N/A	3.3	2.5
Е	N/A	3.4	1.4	N/A	1.6	1.5
F	N/A	5.4	2.1	3.0	2.5	2.5
K	N/A	5.4	N/A	N/A	3.0	N/A

7.14 FAN MOTOR COMBINATION (KW)

Table 14a & 14b Motor KW Ratings at 60Hz and 50Hz

Table 15a KW Rating at 60 Hz

MODEL	Α	В	C	E	F	K
11208	0.90	0.61	1.07	0.27	1.17	1.15
11210	0.91	0.61	1.08	0.28	1.17	1.15
11212	0.92	0.61	1.09	0.28	1.18	1.16
11308	0.92	0.61	1.10	0.28	1.19	1.17
11310	0.93	0.62	1.13	0.28	1.21	1.19
11312	0.94	0.62	1.15	0.29	1.22	1.20
11408	0.94	0.63	1.15	0.29	1.22	1.20
11410	0.96	0.63	1.17	0.29	1.24	1.22
11412	0.98	0.64	1.20	0.30	1.27	1.25

Table 15b KW rating at 50 Hz

MODEL	Α	В	C	E	F	K
11208	0.75	0.51	0.89	0.23	0.98	0.96
11210	0.76	0.51	0.90	0.23	0.98	0.96
11212	0.77	0.51	0.91	0.23	0.98	0.97
11308	0.77	0.51	0.92	0.23	0.99	0.98
11310	0.78	0.52	0.94	0.23	1.01	0.99
11312	0.78	0.52	0.96	0.24	1.02	1.00
11408	0.78	0.53	0.96	0.24	1.02	1.00
11410	0.80	0.53	0.98	0.24	1.03	1.02
11412	0.82	0.53	1.00	0.25	1.06	1.04

Watts shown are for a single fan and are multiplied by the number of the fans for units with more than one fan.

7.15 ELECTRICAL MOTOR DATA AT 60 Hz

Table 15 Fan Motor Ratings at 60Hz

		O	
MOTOR TYPE	MOTOR	MOTOR	MOTOR
	RPM	HP	AMPS @
ITPE	@60Hz	@60Hz	380/60/3
Α	700	0.75	2.3
С	700	1	2.9
E	420	0.33	1.4
F	950	1	2.1
K	950	1	TBD

- ➤ Electrical Motor KW rating (power consumption) at 60Hz to be 5/6 x power consumption (KW) (which is shown table above).
- > 60Hz Motor are offered only at 380V
- ➤ Motor Type B is not offered with 380V/60Hz option

8 INSPECTION AND CLEANING

If the fluid cooler unit is equipped with an electrical power disconnect switch, ensure the switch is in the "OFF" position preferably locked in this position before any electrical work is performed on the unit. Without a disconnect switch on the unit, make sure all power to the unit is off from the source. Electrical connections should be inspected periodically and tightened if required. Loose electric connections can cause severe electrical damage as well as nuisance trip out and burnouts. During the unit start up, phase check the fans for the correct rotation. While the fans are rotating, the airflow should pass through the coil surface first, flow through the fan and away from the unit. If the fans are pushing the air into the soil surface, the fans are rotating in the wrong direction and the motor wiring needs to be corrected.

8.1 PRE-STARTUP AND OPERATION INSPECTION

After the installation is completed, a review of the following items should be performed before the system is placed into operation:

- Secure all screw connections
- Check for all leakage
- Unit cleanliness and corrosion

Check electrical connections, fan blade set screws, fan motors, guards, and all other fasteners for tightness. Be sure the thermostatic expansion valve bulb is properly located, strapped, and insulated.

With the system operating, check the supply voltage. It must be within +/- 10% of the voltage marked on the unit nameplate.

LISTEN CAREFULLY to the unit to make sure there are no unusual sounds. Sounds such as a noisy motor, the fan(s) scraping on the housing, or loose fasteners allowing parts to rattle need to be addressed immediately before continued unit operation.

8.2 CLEANING

For maximum efficiency, air-cooled coils should be cleaned of lint and dust every 4 to 6 months so that airflow is not restricted. More frequent cleaning may be necessary under severe conditions. Use a water spray with an approved cleaning solution for finned tube coils such as those used on air conditioning units. The water and cleaning solution should be sprayed on the coil surface opposite the direction of the fan airflow direction. The fluid cooler units are equipped with convenient access panels to allow the cleaning spray wand to be inserted into the fan cabinet above the coil section and below each motor and fan. When cleaning unit, it must not be in operation and all electrical power should be disconnected.

8.3 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

A preventive maintenance schedule should be established as soon as the unit is installed. The unit should be inspected periodically for proper operation and buildup of frost and debris.

9 REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

Figure 263 - REPLACEMENT PARTS

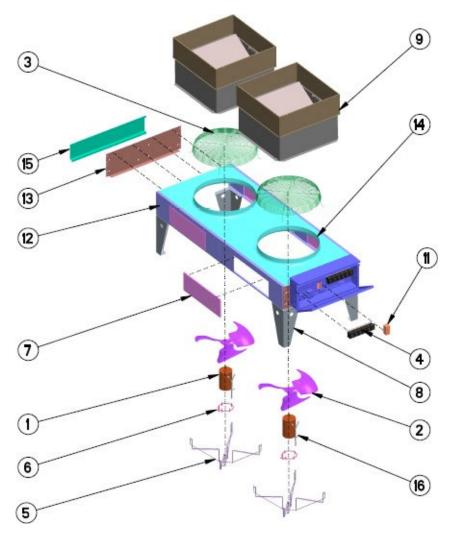


Table 16 REPLACEMENT PARTS

Item	General Description	Options Description	Krack BOM Part Number
1	MOTOR		
	140700.5	0.5 HP 208-230/460/60/3 575 RPM	E206880IN
	MOTOR E	0.5 HP 575/60/3 575 RPM	E318680
		0.5 HP 208-230/460/3/60 1140 RPM	11525IN
	MOTOR B	0.5 HP 575/3/60 1140 RPM	E208100
		1 HP 208-230/460/60/3 INV DUTY 850 RPM	11503IN
	MOTOR A	1 HP 575/60/3 850 RPM	E205307IN
		1.5 HP 230/460/3/600 INV DUTY 850 RPM	E151976IN
	MOTOR C	1.5 HP 575/60/3 850 RPM	E151976A
		1.5 HP 230/460/60/3 INV DUTY 1140 RPM	E205492IN
	MOTOR F	1.5 HP 575/60/3 1140 RPM	E206689IN
		MOTOR-1.5HP 240V 50-60Hz 3P 120-1200RPM	3055269
		MOTOR-1.5HP 460V 50-60Hz 3P 120-1200RPM	3080452
	MOTOR K	Drive 460V 50-60Hz KB	3080453
		Drive 240V 50-60Hz KB	3059065
2	FAN	24" DIA. CCW 5/8" BORE	E206876
		30" DIA. CW 5/8" BORE	E205493
		30" DIA. CW 5/8" BORE	112730
		30" DIA. CW 5/8" BORE	E151977
		30" DIA FOR E205492IN, E206689IN	E208056
		30" DIA FOR 11503IN, E205307IN	E208057
		30" DIA FOR E151976IN, E151976A	E208058
		30" DIA 25 DEG CW 5/8" BORE	112720
3	FAN GUARD	24"	E82691
		30"	E280792
4	MOTOR CONTACTOR	24V	E205170
		110V	107480
		230V	E150076
5	BRACKET	MOTOR MTG BRACKET FAN UNIT (2 PER MOTOR)	E208055
		MOTOR MTG BRACKET FOR 30" FAN UNIT (2 PER MOTOR)	E280793
6	MOTOR MTG RING	MOTOR MTG RING FAN UNIT (1 PER MOTOR)	800340
7	MOTOR SERVICE DOOR PANEL	MOTOR SERVICE DOOR PANEL	E86121
8	SUPPORT LEG		
		22" FIELD ASSEMBLED SUPT LEGS	E280914
		LEV SUPT LEG RECR SQ 30" HIGH	E281663
		SPECIAL SUPPORT LEG 36" HIGH	E281653A

1		41.5" FIELD ASSEMBLED SUPT LEG	E280915
		LEV SUPT LEG 48" FIELD ASSY	E203522A
		LEV SUPT LEG 60" FIELD ASSY	E203580A
9	GRAVITY DAMPER/LOUVER	LAVB	CE82700
		LAVA, C, E, F	CE280870
10	PHASE MONITOR	230V	10989A
		460V	E201708A
		575V	BN04257A
11	CONTROLS	A350AB-1 TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER	E205533
		Y350 R-1 POWER MODULE	E205534
		A99BC-300 TEMPERATURE SENSOR (9.75 FEET)	E205564
		S350AA-1 ADDER MODULE (TEMPERATURE)	E205535
		A99BC-1500C TEMP SENSOR 50 FT	E206053
		D350AA-1 DISPLAY MODULE	E205536
12	PLENUM PANELS	SERVICE DOOR	E86121
		SIDE SERVICE PNL	E203436
		SIDE NO DOOR	E203581
		END/CENTER 1W*	E203433
		END/CENTER 2W*	E203434
		CENTER 2W W/FRAME*	E203451
		CENTER 1W W/FRAME*	E203450
		PARITION 2W	E203435
		PARITION 2W W/FRAME	E203452
13	SHELF MOUNT	LEV2 PLENUM END/CTR SHELF MNT 1W	E208039
		LEV2 PLENUM END/CTR SHELF MNT 2W	E208077
		LEV2 PLENUM CTR SHELF W/FRM 1W	E208101
		LEV2 PLENUM CTR SHELF W/FRM 2W	E208102
		MTR SUPT SHELF UPPER 182-215T	D256472
		MTR SUPT SHELF LOWER 182-215T	D256473
		MOTOR SHELF 36" LENGTH	820390
14	FAN PANELS	LEV2 FAN PNL 30" 1W & 2W NARROW	E87128P
		LEV2 FAN PNL 30/24" 1W & 2W NARROW	E208168P
		LEV2 FAN PNL 30" 2W	D256804P
		LEV2 FAN PNL 30"W/24" FAN 2W	E208167P
		24" STD FAN PANEL	E86115P
15	COVERS	LEV2 COVER RETURN BEND	E203432
		LEV2 HEADER COVER	E203431
		LEV2 HEADER COVER DBL CIRC	E204989A
		LEV2 HEADER COVER DBL CIRC W/FRAME	E204989F
		LEV RETURN BEND COVER 24" FAN	E86127
		HEADER COVER LEV-B	E208165
16	WIRE HARNESS LEV2	WHA-P399-200C	E207054
1		ACVV-W-F-G 1FAN WIRE HARNESS	805870

	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS 2F-(2W)4F LH	80588RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS (2W)4F RH	80589RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS 3F-(2W)6F LH	80590RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS (2W)6F RH	80591RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS 4F-(2W)8F LH	80592RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS (2W)8F RH	80593RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS 5F-(2W)10F LH	80594RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS (2W)10F RH	80595RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS 6F-(2W)12F LH	80596RB
	LEV2 WIRE HARNESS (2W)12F RH	80597RB
	ACVB-I 1 LH WIRE HARNESS	E83149
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS 2F-(2W)4F LH	E83150RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS (2W)4F RH	E83151RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS 3F-(2W)6F LH	E83152RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS (2W)6F RH	E83153RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS 4F-(2W)8F LH	E83154RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS (2W)8F RH	E83155RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS 5F-(2W)10F LH	E83156RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS (2W)10F RH	E83157RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS 6F-(2W)12F LH	E83158RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS (2W)12F RH	E83159RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS 2F-(2W)14F LH	E83160RB
	LEV2-B WIRE HARNESS (2W)14F RH	E83161RB



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